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About NetIQ Corporation

We are a global, enterprise software company, with a focus on the three persistent challenges in your environment: Change, complexity and risk—and how we can help you control them.

Our Viewpoint

Adapting to change and managing complexity and risk are nothing new
In fact, of all the challenges you face, these are perhaps the most prominent variables that deny you the control you need to securely measure, monitor, and manage your physical, virtual, and cloud computing environments.

Enabling critical business services, better and faster
We believe that providing as much control as possible to IT organizations is the only way to enable timelier and cost effective delivery of services. Persistent pressures like change and complexity will only continue to increase as organizations continue to change and the technologies needed to manage them become inherently more complex.

Our Philosophy

Selling intelligent solutions, not just software
In order to provide reliable control, we first make sure we understand the real-world scenarios in which IT organizations like yours operate—day in and day out. That's the only way we can develop practical, intelligent IT solutions that successfully yield proven, measurable results. And that's so much more rewarding than simply selling software.

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We place your success at the heart of how we do business. From product inception to deployment, we understand that you need IT solutions that work well and integrate seamlessly with your existing investments; you need ongoing support and training post-deployment; and you need someone that is truly easy to work with—for a change. Ultimately, when you succeed, we all succeed.

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About this Book

The Advanced Authentication Device Service Guide has been designed for all users and describes system requirements that must be fulfilled before the installation of Advanced Authentication Device Service.

Intended Audience

This book provides information for individuals responsible for understanding administration concepts and implementing a secure, distributed administration model.

About Device Service

Device Service provides you with an ability to use compliant fingerprint devices, contact and contactless cards, PKI smart cards, crypto sticks, and FIDO U2F tokens during enrollment in Advanced Authentication Self-Service Portal and for further authentication.
1 System Requirements

The following table provides information about supported platforms for Device Service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Microsoft Windows</th>
<th>Apple MacOS X</th>
<th>Linux</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Card plug-in</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Face plug-in</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIDO U2F plug-in</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fingerprint plug-in</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PKI plug-in</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluetooth</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Device Service for Windows supports Card and PKI redirection to Remote Desktop and Citrix terminal sessions. You must have Device Service installed on the terminal server to perform the redirection.

For the Remote Desktop session, you must have the Device Service installed and the file `config.properties` must be configured as per requirement of the device used for authentication on both the source system from where the RDP is initiated and the remote system that you need to access.

For more information about the configurable parameters specific to each authentication device, see Configuring Device Service.

You must also install the appropriate drivers for the devices used for authentication. To ensure if the device is functioning appropriately, you can test the authentication device on the Self-Service portal to verify connectivity and the actual functionality before it is used for authentication on the OS clients.

Device Service also supports virtual channel and you must have the Device Service installed on the both the terminal client and terminal server.

NOTE: Local administrator (Windows)/ root (Mac OS X, Linux) privileges are required for installing and removing Device Service.

Ensure that the system meets the following requirements:

- **Operating system**: Any of the following operating systems is installed based on the platform.
  - **Windows**
    - Microsoft Windows 7 (x64 or x86) Service Pack1
    - Microsoft Windows 8.1 (x64 or x86)
    - Microsoft Windows 10 (v1703/ v1709/ v1803 x64 or x86)
    - Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2
    - Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
    - Microsoft Windows Server 2016
**System Requirements**

- **Apple Mac OS** 10.12 (Sierra), 10.13 (High Sierra)

- **Linux**
  - CentOS 7 with KDE or Gnome desktop environment
  - SUSE Linux Enterprise Desktop 11 Service Pack3, Service Pack4
  - SUSE Linux Enterprise Desktop 12, SUSE Linux Enterprise Desktop 12 Service Pack1, Service Pack2, and Service Pack3
  - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 Service Pack3, Service Pack4
  - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12, SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 Service Pack1, Service Pack2, and Service Pack3
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Client 7.4
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server 7.4
  - Debian 9.4
  - Ubuntu 16, 18

- **Browsers**: Any of the following browsers are installed.
  - Microsoft Internet Explorer 11
  - Google Chrome 65 and later
  - Mozilla Firefox 58 and later
  - Safari 11 and later
  - Microsoft Edge 20.0 and later

  To run Device Service on Microsoft Edge, perform the following steps:
  1. Open the command prompt with elevated privileges.
  2. Run the command `CheckNetIsolation LoopbackExempt -a -n=Microsoft.MicrosoftEdge_8wekyb3d8bbwe`

- **Bluetooth**: Only Bluetooth is supported, BLE is not supported.

---

**NOTE**: It is not recommended to use the Bluetooth feature on VMware virtual machines, because false authentication can occur when Bluetooth device is disabled or it is out of range.

For more information about additional system requirements, see the following sections:

- Supported Card Readers and Cards
- Supported Devices for PKI
- Supported Fingerprint Readers

---

### Supported Card Readers and Cards

Advanced Authentication stores the serial number of a card during enrollment and validates the serial number later during the user's authentication.

Advanced Authentication supports the following cards and card readers:

- **Contactless card readers**
  - ACS ACR122
  - Broadcom Corp Contactless SmartCard
  - Elatec RFID
Supported Devices for PKI

Advanced Authentication supports the certificate-based PKCS#11 contact smart cards and USB tokens (crypto sticks).

Device Service supports the following devices:

- Aladdin eToken PRO 32k/72k with SafeNet Authentication Client 9
- ruToken
- SafeNet Authentication eToken on the Mac OS.

To use PKI, specify a PKCS#11 module for your PKI device. See PKI Settings for more information.

The following are the requirements for used certificates:

1. Certificate must contain the OCSP or CRL link to check revocation status.
2. Certificate must contain a key pair: public and private key in the x509 format. The certificates that do not comply with the requirements are ignored (hidden during enrollment).

NOTE: The cards Cosmo polIC 64K V5.2 and Cyberflex Access 64K V1 SM 2.1 support the certificate-based enrollment only (generate a key pair mode is not supported).

To support the SafeNet Authentication eToken (PKI) on the Mac OS, perform the following steps:

1. Install the latest Device Service 6.0 on Mac OS.
2. Install the SafenetAuthenticationclient9.1.2.0.dmg package.
   You can download SafeNet Authentication Client from Knoldege Symantec website.
3 Run the following commands to restart the Device Service:
   1. sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.netiq.deviceservice.plist
   2. sudo launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.netiq.deviceservice.plist
4 Plug-in the SafeNet Authentication eToken (PKI) to Mac OS.

## Supported Fingerprint Readers

Device Service supports fingerprint readers that use Windows Biometric Framework (WBF), Lumidigm readers, and Digital Persona readers.

**NOTE:** After migrating from Advanced Authentication v5, users may need to re-enroll the Fingerprint authenticators if they have enrolled the authenticators on the WBF compliant readers. This is because, the previous authenticators may contain low quality fingerprint images. Re-enrollment for the Lumidigm and Digital Persona readers is not required.

Ensure that the system meets the following requirements for the WBF compliant readers:

- A reader must be available in Device Manager in the Biometric devices section.
- The Windows Biometric Service (in services.msc) must be set to Automatic and must be in a running state.
- The policies Allow to use of biometrics, Allow users to log on using biometrics, Allow domain users to log on using biometrics (Computer Configuration - Administrative Templates - Windows Components - Biometrics) must be enabled.

Device Service supports the following fingerprint readers:

- Lumidigm readers
- Digital Persona readers
- NEXT Biometrics NB-3010-UL
- Precise Biometrics 100 X with AuthenTec AES2501B
- Zvetco Verifi P2500 with AuthenTec AES2550
- Zvetco Verifi P5100
- Zvetco Verifi P5200 with TouchChip Fingerprint Coprocessor
- Zvetco Verifi P6000
- Synaptic FP Sensors (WBF) (VID=138A, PID=0011)
- Synaptic FP Sensors (WBF) (VID=138A, PID=0017)
- Validity Sensor (VFS495) (VID=138A, PID=003F)
- Validity Sensors (WBF) (VID=138A, PID=0050)
- SecuGen Hamster Plus (HSDU03P)

Device Service does not support the following devices:

- SecuGen Hamster IV (HFDU04)
- SecuGen Hamster (HFDU02R)
- Synaptics WBDI (Lenovo t460s laptops)
- Futronic FS80, FS88
**IMPORTANT:** Advanced Authentication Windows Hello authenticator supports all the fingerprint readers that are supported by Microsoft Windows Hello.

Usage of fingerprint readers requires manual configuration. For more information, see Fingerprint Settings.

**NOTE:** Swipe readers may face issues with fingerprint matching because of low quality sensors.
Installing and Uninstalling Device Service

Before installing Device Service, ensure that you close all the web browsers. The installation procedure varies for different operating systems.

**NOTE:** You can find the Device Service component in the Advanced Authentication Enterprise Edition or the Remote Access Edition distributive package.

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Device Service on Microsoft Windows

- Installing Device Service on Windows
- Uninstalling Device Service on Windows

Device Service on Apple Mac OS X

- Installing Device Service on Mac
- Uninstalling Device Service on Mac

Device Service on Linux

- Installing Device Service on Linux
- Upgrading Device Service on Linux
- Uninstalling Device Service on Linux

**NOTE:** After installing or upgrading the web browser, ensure to reinstall the Device Service.

**WARNING:** During the upgrade of Device Service on Apple Mac OS X and Linux, the configuration file is overwritten with a default one. Ensure that you have a copy of the file and put it back to the folder after the Device Service upgrade.

---

**Installing Device Service on Windows**


**IMPORTANT:** For LEGIC readers, you need to install Device Service by running the command line:

```
msiexec /i naaf-winclient-x86-release-<version>.msi TOKEN="XXX" KEY="YYY"
```

- **XXX** - Token value (HEX <= 12 byte)
- **YYY** - 3Des Key (HEX 16 byte)

If you leave the **TOKEN/KEY** parameters blank or enter invalid commands, Device Service does not detect the LEGIC reader.
2. Click Next.
3. Read and accept the licence agreement.
4. Click Next.
   - To change the destination folder, click Change and select an applicable destination.
   - To continue, click Next.
5. Click Install and wait until the component is installed.
6. Click Finish.

**NOTE:** To upgrade Device Service 5.3 and 5.4 on a Windows machine that has a McAfee virus protection software installed, ensure to disable the McAfee protection. For more information about how to disable McAfee protection for a temporary period, see link1 and link2.

### Uninstalling Device Service on Windows

You can uninstall Device Service through the Setup Wizard or through Control Panel.

- Uninstalling Device Service through Setup Wizard
- Uninstalling Device Service through Control Panel

#### Uninstalling Device Service through Setup Wizard

2. Click Next.
3. Select Remove and click Next.
4. Click Remove.

#### Uninstalling Device Service through Control Panel

To uninstall Device Service through Control Panel, select one of the following options that corresponds to your operating system:

- Microsoft Windows 7
- Microsoft Windows 8.1
- Microsoft Windows 10

**Microsoft Windows 7**

1. In the Start menu, select Control panel and then double-click Programs and Features.
2. Select NetIQ Device Service and click Uninstall.
3. Confirm the uninstallation.

**Microsoft Windows 8.1**

1. In the Search menu, select Apps > Control Panel > Programs > Programs and Features.
Installing and Uninstalling Device Service

2. Select NetIQ Device Service and click Uninstall.
3. Confirm the uninstallation.

Microsoft Windows 10

1. Right-click Start and select Control Panel > Programs > Programs and Features.
2. Select NetIQ Device Service and click Uninstall.
3. Confirm the uninstallation.

Installing Device Service on Linux

IMPORTANT: To use Device Service for FIDO U2F tokens, you must allow the FIDO U2F usage on Linux. For more information, see yubico FAQ.

To install Device Service on Linux operating system, run the following commands depending on your platform.

Ubuntu, Debian (deb package)

The components libnss3-tools are used for Card or PKI plug-in, pcscd for HID OMNIKEY reader, and bluez for Bluetooth plug-in.

sudo apt-get install pcscd
sudo apt-get install libnss3-tools
sudo apt-get install bluez
sudo dpkg -i naaf-deviceservice-linux64-release-<version>.deb

openSUSE, SUSE

The components libpcsclite1 and nss-tools are for Card/PKI plug-in and bluez for Bluetooth plug-in.

sudo zypper install libpcsclite1
sudo zypper install mozilla-nss-tools
sudo zypper install bluez
sudo rpm -i naaf-deviceservice-linux64-release-<version>.rpm

Fedora or CentOS

The components nss-tools are for Card/PKI plug-in and bluez for Bluetooth plug-in.

sudo yum install nss-tools
sudo yum install bluez
sudo rpm -Uvh naaf-deviceservice-linux64-release-<version>.rpm

NOTE: During the installation of Device Service on RHEL operating system, there could be dependency issues related with the pcsc-lite package. Install the required package with yum install pcsc-lite and restart the installation of Device Service.

Upgrading Device Service on Linux

To upgrade Device Service on Linux operating system, run the following commands depending on your platform.
NOTE: Device Service has been renamed from deviceservice to naaf-deviceservice from Advanced Authentication 5.3 Hotfix 1.

Ubuntu, Debian (deb package)
To upgrade Device Service 5.3 or later, remove the old package and install a new package.

1. Remove device service package.
   
   ```
   sudo apt-get remove deviceservice-<version>.x86_64
   sudo apt-get install bluez
   sudo dpkg -i naaf-deviceservice-linux64-release-<version>.deb
   ```

openSUSE, Fedora (rpm package)
To upgrade Device Service 5.3 or later, remove the old package and install a new package.

openSUSE

1. Remove device service package.
   
   ```
   sudo rpm -e deviceservice-<version>.x86_64
   sudo zypper install bluez
   sudo rpm -i naaf-deviceservice-linux64-release-<version>.rpm
   ```

Fedora

1. Remove device service package.
   
   ```
   sudo rpm -e deviceservice-<version>.x86_64
   sudo yum install bluez
   sudo rpm -Uvh naaf-deviceservice-linux64-release-<version>.rpm
   ```

Uninstalling Device Service on Linux
Run the following commands depending on your platform:

Ubuntu, Debian (deb package)

```
sudo dpkg --purge naaf-deviceservice-<version>.x86_64
```

openSUSE, Fedora

```
rpm -e naaf-deviceservice-<version>.x86_64
```
Installing and Uninstalling Device Service

1. The `naaf-deviceservice.pkg` and uninstall files are displayed.

2. Double click the file `naaf-deviceservice.pkg`.

3. Click Continue.

4. Read and accept the license agreement.

5. Select the disk where you want to install Device Service and click Continue.

6. Click Install.

   A window is displayed to specify the local administrator credentials to install the software.

7. Specify User name and Password.

8. Click Install Software.

9. Click Close.

Uninstalling Device Service on Mac

You can uninstall the Device Service in two ways:

- Using Uninstall Script (recommended)
- Manual

Using Uninstall Script

1. Double click the file `naaf-deviceservice-macos-release-<version>.dmg`.

   The `naaf-deviceservice.pkg` and uninstall files are displayed.

2. Click the uninstall file.

3. Specify sudo password.

Manual

1. Open the Terminal application.

2. Run the command to stop the Device Service.

   ```
   sudo launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/com.netiq.deviceservice.plist
   ```

3. Delete the directory `Device Service` in `/Library/LaunchDaemons/NetIQ/`.

   **NOTE:** If you uninstall Device Service manually, you must remove the NetIQ certificates for the following browsers.

   - **Safari or Google Chrome:** Remove the NetIQ certificate in Launchpad > Other > Keychain access.
   - **Firefox:** Remove the NetIQ certificate in Preferences > Privacy & Security > View certificates > Authorities.
Configuring Device Service

Device Service contains the configuration file that is located in the following folder, depending on your platform:

- **Microsoft Windows**: C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Device Service\config.properties.
- **Linux**: /opt/NetIQ/Device Service/config.properties.
- **Apple Mac OS X**: /Library/LaunchDaemons/NetIQ/Device Service/config.properties.

**WARNING:** During the upgrade of Device Service on Apple Mac OS X and Linux, the configuration file is overwritten with a default one. Ensure that you have a copy of the file and put it back to the folder after the Device Service upgrade.

**NOTE:** In the `host.ports` parameter, the supported ports are 8440, 8441, and 8442.

See the following settings for the Device Service configuration.

- “Card Settings” on page 21
- “Fingerprint Settings” on page 23
- “PKI Settings” on page 24
- “Performing Bulk Replacement of Configuration File” on page 25

To apply the changes, reboot the machine.

## Card Settings

Advanced Authentication supports the Microsoft policy *Interactive logon: Smart card removal behavior*, which allows you to select an action on a card event. You can configure it to perform a force log off or lock a user session when a user presents card to the reader.

To use LEGIC LM3000 or LEGIC LE-762-1N readers, you must disable the other card plug-ins to avoid conflicts. To do this, perform the following steps:

1. Open the configuration file depending on the platform:
   - **Microsoft Windows**: C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Device Service\config.properties.
   - **Linux**: LEGIC and RFIDeas readers are not supported.
   - **Apple Mac OS X**: LEGIC and RFIDeas readers are not supported.

2. Set the parameters as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>card.omnikeyEnabled</td>
<td>Used for the omnikey type of readers. The default value is true. Set the value to <code>false</code> to disable the usage of the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.rfideasEnabled</td>
<td>Used for the RF IDEas readers. The default value is <code>false</code>. Set the value to <code>true</code> to enable the usage of the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.rfideas.productType</td>
<td>Used for RF IDeas readers. The possible values are prox, sonar, or swipe, or all. You can combine them as prox;sonar;swipe.  The default value is prox.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.rfideas.deviceType</td>
<td>The possible values are usb, serial, or tcp, or all. You cannot combine them.  The default value is usb.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.forceVirtualChannels</td>
<td>Used for RF IDeas readers to work in a terminal session.  If you set card.forceVirtualChannels to true, the Device Service uses its own mechanism for card redirection through the virtual channels. You must install the Device Service on both the terminal server and terminal client.  The default value is false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.smarfidEnabled</td>
<td>Used for the smarfid type of readers.  The default value is false.  Set the value to true to enable the usage of the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.smarfidManualMode</td>
<td>Used for the smarfid card behavior.  If you set card.smarfidManualMode to false or when the parameter is not available in the config.properties file, the reader’s LED is in blue (read mode) by default and starts to blink when you place a card on the reader.  If you set card.smarfidManualMode to true, the reader’s LED is in green (ready mode) by default and does not blink when you place a card on the reader.  The reader blinks only if you are in the Login or Unlock screen and Windows Client requests to place a card.  You must disable the 1:N functionality to disable auto-waiting of a card for the Login or Unlock screen. For more information about how to disable 1:N, see Disabling 1:N.  You must disable the Interactive logon: Smart card removal behavior policy to disable the auto-waiting of a card when a user is logged in. For more information about how to disable Smart card removal behavior policy, see the Microsoft documentation.  You can use the feature only for LEGIC readers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.smarfidManualBeepEnabled</td>
<td>Used for generating beeps from a supported LEGIC reader when you put a card on it.  The default value of the parameter is false and the beeps are muted.  Set card.smarfidManualBeepEnabled to true for this.  You can use this option only when the manual mode is enabled (card.smarfidManualMode=true).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.isCardIdGenerated</td>
<td>The feature can be used only for LEGIC readers.  Used to generate a new card identifier during enrollment. and during each enrollment, the card identifier is not changed.  The default value is false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>card.desfireEnabled</td>
<td>Used for the desfire type of readers.  The default value is true.  Set the value to false to disable the usage of the device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Save the changes.
4. Restart the Device Service.

Fingerprint Settings

Device Service supports the following modes for fingerprint readers:

- `fingerprint.mode: 1` to use the WBF API mode: In this mode, Advanced Authentication works with a processed fingerprint reader in Windows Biometric Framework API.
- `fingerprint.mode: 2` to use the WBF Direct mode: In this mode, Advanced Authentication works directly with a device driver.

**NOTE:** Some WBF compliant readers may work only in the WBF Direct mode, for example, the NEXT Biometrics readers. You can download the NEXT Biometrics driver from the link.

- `fingerprint.mode: 3` to use the Lumidigm mode. You must install the Lumidigm Drivers. You can download the drivers from the HID Global website. Some devices require that the Lumidigm Device Service is installed.
- `fingerprint.mode: 4` to use the DigitalPersona mode. You must install the DigitalPersona U.are.U RTE. You can download it from the DigitalPersona website.

Device Service supports multiple fingerprint modes. You can configure multiple modes in the following ways:

- Specify numeric values assigned to each mode.
  For example: `fingerprint.mode: 1,2,3` to use WBF API, WBF Direct, and Lumidigm modes.
- Specify the mode names.
  For example: `fingerprint.mode: WbfDirect,DigitalPersona` to use WBF Direct, and DigitalPersona modes.
- Specify the combination of numeric value and mode name.
  For example: `fingerprint.mode: 1,WbfDirect,3` to use WBF API, WBF Direct, and Lumidigm modes.

**NOTE:** The `fingerprint.mode: auto` is the default mode which enables Lumidigm, DigitalPersona, and WbfDirect modes.

To change the fingerprint settings, perform the following steps:

1. Open the configuration file depending on your platform:
   - **Microsoft Windows:** C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Device Service\config.properties.
   - **Linux:** Fingerprint readers are not supported.
   - **Apple Mac OS X:** Fingerprint readers are not supported.
2. Add a string to configure single or multiple modes.
   For example:
   - `fingerprint.mode: 3` to use the Lumidigm mode
   - `fingerprint.mode: 1,WbfDirect,3` to use the WBF API, WBF Direct, and Lumidigm modes.
3. Add optional parameters (if required):
   - `fingerprint.captureTimeout: 15` of capture inactivity in seconds.
NOTE: The parameters are case-sensitive.

4. Save the changes.
5. Restart the Device Service.

NOTE: The parameter `fingerprint.isoSupported: true` (default value is `true`) helps Device Service to extract ISO from raw image that it gets from user who scanned his fingerprint for authentication. This parameter helps to eliminate this additional step on the server and improves the authentication speed on the server.

If you set the parameter to `false`, Device Service sends raw image to Advanced Authentication server and the server will need to extract ISO to compare it with a stored authenticator. This may cause performance issues in environments where hundreds of users perform fingerprint authentication at the same time.

**PKI Settings**

To use PKI, you must specify a PKCS#11 module for your PKI device. To do this, perform the following steps:

1. Open a configuration file depending on your platform:
   - **Microsoft Windows**: `C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Device Service\config.properties`.
   - **Linux**: `/opt/NetIQ/Device Service/config.properties`.
   - **Apple Mac OS X**: `/Library/LaunchDaemons/NetIQ/Device Service/config.properties`.

2. Remove the hash sign (`#`) before `vendorModule` to remove any comments from the parameter.

3. Specify a path to a PKCS#11 module.
   - **Microsoft Windows**:
     - for eToken PRO: `pki.vendorModule: eToken.dll`
     - for ruToken: `pki.vendorModule: rtPKCS11.dll`

   **NOTE:** You can specify more than one PKCS#11 library with semicolon in the format: `pki.vendorModule: eToken.dll;rtPKCS11.dll`

   If a vendor module is located out of the `system32` folder, use `\`. The quotation marks are not needed even if there are spaces in the path. For example, `pki.vendorModule: C:\Program Files\ActivIdentity\ActivClient\acpkcs211.dll`.

   **Linux**:

   **Mac OS X**:
   - for eToken PRO: `pki.vendorModule: libeTPkcs11.dylib`.

   You can find a list of the known PKI modules from the link.

   **NOTE:** If you have specified some `pki.vendorModules` separated by a semicolon, you must specify the same number of values for `pki.blockingMode`. For example, `pki.blockingMode: true;false`. 
PKI plugin of the Device Service supports the automatic mode, where the known vendor modules are detected automatically. You must specify `pki.vendorModule: auto`. The following are the auto detectable vendor modules for different platforms.

**Microsoft Windows**
- rtPKCS11.dll, the default `pki.blockingMode: true`
- eToken.dll, the default `pki.blockingMode: true`
- acpkcs211.dll, the default `pki.blockingMode: false`

**Linux**
- libeToken.so, the default `pki.blockingMode: true`

**Mac OS**
- libeToken.dylib, the default `pki.blockingMode: true`

4. Specify the optional parameters (if required):
   a. **Hash method**
      ```
pki.hashMethod: SHA256
      ```
      The default value is **SHA256** and you can specify this value, if a parameter is not presented. The following methods are also supported: **SHA224, SHA384, SHA512, RIPEMD160**. To set the methods, ensure that the PKCS#11 module supports the required hash method.
   b. **Padding**
      ```
pki.padding: PKCS#1
      ```
      The default value is **PKCS#1** and you can specify this value, if a parameter is not presented. The following options are also supported: **PSS, OAEP**.
   c. **Key size**
      ```
pki.modulusBits: 2048
      ```
      The default value is **2048 bit**. For example, eToken PRO 32k does not support it and you need to set 1024 to use it.
   d. **Blocking mode**
      ```
pki.blockingMode: true
      ```
      The default value is **True**. OpenSC does not support the 'waiting for card' mechanism completely and it requires to change the option to **False**. Most of the vendors should work fine with the default mode.

**NOTE:** If you specify both the parameters **pki.vendorModule: auto** and **pki.blockingMode**, the **pki.blockingMode** does not overwrite a blocking mode that is pre-defined for an autodetectable vendor module.

5. Save the changes.
6. Restart the Device Service.

### Performing Bulk Replacement of Configuration File

To customize configuration of Device Service on multiple computers in domain, perform the following instructions:

1. Create a configuration file `config.properties` with the required parameters.
2. Copy this configuration file on a network folder.
3 Open **Group Policy Management** console.

4 Right-click the domain name and select **Create GPO in this domain, and Link it here.**

5 Specify a name for the **Group Policy Object.** It is used to update the Device Service configuration file. Click **OK.**

6 Right-click the created GPO and click **Edit.**

7 Browse **Computer Configuration > Preferences > Windows Settings.**

8 Right-click **Files** and select **New > File.**

9 Change **Action** to **Replace.**

10 In **Source file(s)** specify the full path of the configuration file located on the network folder.

11 In **Destination File**, specify the path: `C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Device Service\config.properties`.

12 Clear all the **Attributes** options.

13 Click **OK.**

14 Create a group in the domain that contains computers on which you want to replace the Device Service configuration file.

15 In the **Security Filtering** section of the **Group Policy Management** console, for the used GPO remove the **Authenticated Users.**

16 Click **Add** and select the created group.

17 Click **Delegation.**

18 Right-click the added group and select **Edit settings, delete, modify security.**

19 Run `gpupdate /force` on the computer where you will replace the configuration file or wait till the policy is automatically applied.
Troubleshooting

This chapter provides information about troubleshooting Device Service.

- "Generic Issues" on page 29
- "Card Related Issues" on page 29
- "FIDO U2F Related Issues" on page 29
- "Fingerprint Related Issues" on page 30
- "PKI Related Issues" on page 30
- "Bluetooth Issues" on page 30
- "Configuring Gemalto Smart Card with Advanced Authentication" on page 30

To investigate the possible issues, you may be asked to provide the debug logs. The following information helps you to enable logging on different platforms.

**Microsoft Windows**

To enable debug logging for all Client components, follow the steps:

1. Run DiagTool.exe (the tool must have Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 installed).
2. Click Clear All (if applicable) in the Debug logs tab.
3. Click Enable.
4. Restart the machine.
5. Reproduce your problem.
7. Click Save logs in the Debug logs tab.
8. Specify a file name and path. Click Save to save the logs.
9. Click Disable to disable the logging.
10. Click Clear All.

If you do not have the Diagnostic Tool, you can perform the steps manually:

1. Create a text file C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Logging\config.properties.
2. Add a string to the file: logEnabled=True that ends by a line break.
3. Create a directory: C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Logging\Logs\.
4. Restart the workstation.
5. Reproduce your problem.
6. Pack the logs located in C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Logging\Logs\ into a zip package.
7. Change logEnabled=True to logEnabled=False in C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Logging\config.properties.

**Apple Mac OS X**

Troubleshooting
To collect the debug logs using the Diagnostic Tool, perform the following steps:

1. Run the file `DiagTool.app`.
2. Click **Enable**.
3. Restart your system.
4. Repeat the issue.
5. Run the file `DiagTool.app`.
6. Click **Save** in the **Debug logs** tab.
   - The logs file is saved in the `logs-year-month-date-hour:minute:seconds.zip` format in the `/tmp` directory.
   - For example, logs file is saved as `logs-2017-10-23-15:30:20.zip`.
7. Click **Save**.

You can perform the following in the **Debug logs** tab:

- Use **Disable** to disable the logging.
- Use **Refresh** to update the logs list.
- Use **Open** to open any specific log.
- Use **Clear All** to delete the existing logs.

To identify the Advanced Authentication servers on the domain, perform the following steps:

1. Run the file `DiagTool.app`.
2. Click **Servers**.
3. Specify the domain name in **Domain** and click **Search**. A list of servers is displayed, if the IP is either IPv4 or IPv6.

If you do not have the Diagnostic Tool, perform the following steps to collect the debug logs manually:

1. Create a directory `NetIQ` in the `/Library/Logs/` folder.
2. Create a text file `config.properties` in `/Library/Logs/NetIQ/`.
3. Add a string to the file `logEnabled=True` that ends with a line break.
4. Create a directory `Logs` in `/Library/Logs/NetIQ/`.
5. Restart the system.
6. Repeat the issue.
7. Pack the logs located in `/Library/Logs/NetIQ/Logs/` into a zip file.
8. Change `logEnabled=True` to `logEnabled=False` in the file `/Library/Logs/NetIQ/config.properties`.

**Linux**

To enable logging for the component, perform the following steps:

1. Create a text file `/opt/NetIQ/Logging/config.properties`.
2. Add a string to the file: `logEnabled=True` that ends by line break.
3. Save changes.
4. Create a `Logs` folder in `/opt/NetIQ/Logging/`. 
5 Stop the service by running the command in the terminal: sudo service deviceservice stop.
6 Start the service: sudo service deviceservice start.

Logs are generated in the /opt/NetIQ/Logging/Logs directory.

Generic Issues

These issues could happen with any service such as Bluetooth, PKI, Fido or Fingerprint.

After you install a new browser and then try to enroll or test authenticator, an error message Service is not available is displayed.

The root cause for this issue is, device service keeps the certificates for itself during installation. So if the browser is installed after installing the device service, the browser will not have the required certificates.

To fix the issue, open a new browser window and access one of following URLs. Depending on the method used, apply the appropriate certificate.

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?nowait
- https://127.0.0.1:8441/api/v1/fidou2f/abort
- https://127.0.0.1:8442/api/v1/fingerprint/capture
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getmessage?nowait
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/bluetooth/getdevices

Card Related Issues

To troubleshoot the Card related issues you can check the link: https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?nowait.

The response format is as follows:

```json
{
  result: [<status>],
  cardid: <card id>,
  readerid: <reader id>
}
```

The following status is implemented:

- **NO_READER**: Indicates that the card service did not detect a card reader connected.
- **READER_ON**: Indicates that the card service detected a card reader connected.
- **NO_CARD**: Indicates that there is no card on the reader.
- **CARD_ON**: Indicates that a card is presented to the reader.

**NOTE:** Card ID can be used only with **CARD_ON** and **NO_CARD** status.

FIDO U2F Related Issues

To troubleshoot the FIDO U2F related issues, see: https://127.0.0.1:8441/api/v1/fidou2f/abort. The service should return: `{ "result":"ok" }` when a FIDO U2F token is connected.
Fingerprint Related Issues

To troubleshoot the fingerprint related issues, see: https://127.0.0.1:8442/api/v1/fingerprint/capture. Open the URL while you are presenting your finger on the reader.

The following fields are included in the output:

- **captureStatus**: Can be 'Ok', 'Timeout', 'Error', 'NoReader'.
- **Width, Height**: Fingerprint image size (in pixels).
- **Dpi**: Dots per inch (used on matching side).
- **BitsPerPixel**: Bits per pixel (usually 8 bits).
- **BytesPerLine**: Bytes per one line in image (include align).
- **Image**: Fingerprint image encoded using base-64 in gray scale.

An example of a sample output:

```
{"BitsPerPixel":8,"BytesPerLine":256,"Dpi":508,"Height":360,"Image":"<fingerprintdata>"","Width":256,"captureStatus":"Ok"}.
```

PKI Related Issues

To troubleshoot the PKI related issues you can check the URL: https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getmessage?nowait.

The service returns:

- **NO_READER** if no reader is connected.
- **NO_CARD** if a card is not presented.
- **CARD_ON** if a card is presented.

Bluetooth Issues

To troubleshoot the Bluetooth related issues, refer to the following URL: https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/bluetooth/getdevices. It returns a list of the Bluetooth devices that have been discovered.

For more information on the Bluetooth, see "Bluetooth Plug-in" in the Chapter 5, "Developer Information," on page 33.

Configuring Gemalto Smart Card with Advanced Authentication

This section provides the configuration information of the following Gemalto smart cards:

- **IDPrime .NET Smart cards**
- **SafeNet eToken 51x0**
To configure the Advanced Authentication with Gemalto smart card, perform the following configuration tasks:

- “Installing the SafeNet Authentication Client 10” on page 31
- “Generating the Customized MSI file” on page 31
- “Configuring PKCS Path in the Device Service” on page 31

Installing the SafeNet Authentication Client 10

1. Download the SafeNet Authentication Client 10.
2. Navigate to the Customization Package folder and execute the SACCustomizationPackage-10.0.msi file.
   The SafeNet Authentication Client Customization Package Installation wizard is displayed.
3. Click Next.
4. Read the license agreement, and select I accept the terms in the license agreement. Click Next.
5. Click Change to select a different destination folder or install the Customization Tool's into the default folder:
   C:\Program Files\SafeNet\Authentication\
6. Click Install.
7. Click Finish.

Generating the Customized MSI file

1. Click Start and navigate to Programs > SafeNet > SACAdmin > SAC Customization Tool.
2. Select Features to install in the left pane.
3. Select IDGo 800 Compatible Mode from the list.
4. Click Actions > Generate MSI.
5. Specify the file name and save files in the preferred folder.
   The generated msi files are as follows:
   - <file name>msi-x32-10.0
   - <file name>msi-x64-10.0
6. Install the msi file according to the bits of your Operating System.
   The Installation wizard is displayed.
7. Follow the installation steps and click Finish.

NOTE: Ensure that the file IDPrimePKCS11.dll is available in one of the following paths:
   - C:\Program Files (x86)\Gemalto\IDGo 800 PKCS#11
   - C:\Program Files\Gemalto\IDGo 800 PKCS#11

Configuring PKCS Path in the Device Service

1. Install NetIQ Advanced Authentication Device Service.
2. Navigate to C:\ProgramData\NetIQ\Device Service\config.properties.
3. Set the pki.vendorModule to the customized PKCS file path as follows:
pki.vendorModule= C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Gemalto\\IDGo 800 PKCS\11\\IDPrimePKCS11.dll.

**NOTE:** Do not use a 64 bit library file (IDPrimePKCS1164.dll).

4 Save and Restart Device Service.

**NOTE:** If you have SafeNet Authentication Client (SAC) version v8.x, set the pki.vendorModule to auto. The SAC uses eToken.dll library for IDPrime cards.
5 Developer Information

Currently the supported opened ports are 8440, 8441, 8442 but it is better to use 8440, as other ports may be deprecated in the future releases.

- “Card Plug-in” on page 33
- “FIDO U2F Plug-in” on page 34
- “Fingerprint Plug-in” on page 35
- “PKI Plug-in” on page 36
- “Bluetooth Plug-in” on page 38

Card Plug-in

To check the Card Service you may open the following URL: https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?nowait.

The response format:

```json
{
    result: [<status>],
    cardid: <card id>,
    readerid: <reader id>
}
```

The following statuses are implemented:

- NO_READER means that the Card service didn't detect a card reader connected,
- READER_ON means that the Card service detected a card reader connected,
- NO_CARD means that there is no card on the reader,
- CARD_ON means that a card is presented to the reader.

**NOTE:** cardid is used only with CARD_ON and NO_CARD statuses.

Examples of commands:

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?nowait - immediately returns a current status. Possible values [NO_READER, NO_CARD, CARD_ON]
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?wait - waits for a next event (e.g. card presented or card removed)

**NOTE:** When you disconnect the reader with a card on, two messages will arrive: NO_CARD, NO_READER. But the first one will be caught with getmessage?wait. When you plug in a reader with a card on, there will be the two events: READER_ON, CARD_ON. And as a result READER_ON will be returned.

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getreaderon?nowait - immediately returns READER_ON if a reader is attached and NO_READER otherwise.
• https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getreaderon?wait - immediately returns READER_ON if a reader is attached or waits till it's attached
• https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getcardon?nowait - immediately returns NO_READER if a reader isn't attached, NO_CARD if a card isn't presented or CARD_ON if a card is presented
• https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getcardon?wait - immediately returns NO_READER if a reader isn't attached or wait till the card will be presented on a reader.

NOTE: It will wait the next tap of a card even if a card is already on a reader.

• https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getcardoff?nowait&cardid=<cardid> - immediately returns NO_READER if a reader isn't attached, NO_CARD if a card isn't presented on the reader or CARD_ON if a card is presented on the reader. Use cardid to wait when a specific card is removed.
• https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getcardoff?wait - returns immediately with NO_READER if a reader isn't attached. If there is no card presented on a reader, it returns NO_CARD immediately else waits till the card is removed from the reader
• https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/abort?cancel-cookie=xxx - all of the "wait" methods support cancel-cookie=xxx parameter. E.g. https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?wait&cancel-cookie=xxx. And by calling abort with a cancel-cookie, all waiting methods with the same specified cookie are terminated.

FIDO U2F Plug-in

To check the FIDO U2F Service you may open the following URL: https://127.0.0.1:8441/api/v1/fidou2f/abort. The service should return: { "result":"ok" } when a FIDO U2F token is connected.

Available methods

FIDO U2F Service provides the following POST-methods:

https://127.0.0.1:8441/api/v1/fidou2f/sign - Performs the U2F Authenticate operation.

```
{
"signRequests":
[
{"challenge":"tRiTY3C8YerfmH6I1foCZjs5CMkKUWDrNhS7v5gCPQ",
"version":"U2F_V2,
"keyHandle":"knQD88Ue6ZT6tyutHr8ipZaiTRV2uT9qzwGqWjYo5HCwaIv5z2k1vr08tWbdOLQ4S-ODg9Yp62P6cwhb4gmQ",
"appId":"https://demo.yubico.com"
}
]
```

https://127.0.0.1:8441/api/v1/fidou2f/register - Performs the U2F Register operation.
```json
{
    "registerRequests": [
        {
            "challenge": "tRiTY3C8YerfmH6IIlfoCZjs5CMkKUWDrNhS7v5gCPQ",
            "version": "U2F_V2",
            "appId": "https://demo.yubico.com"
        }
    ],
    "signRequests": []
}
```

signRequest can be empty, or contain serial of for the key handle validation

```json
{
    "challenge": "tRiTY3C8YerfmH6IIlfoCZjs5CMkKUWDrNhS7v5gCPQ",
    "version": "U2F_V2",
    "keyHandle": "knQD88Ue62T6tyutHr8ipZaiTRV2uT9qzwGqWjYo5HCwaAlV5z2kc1vr08tWbdOLQ4S-ODg09vpp62P6oh4qmQ",
    "appId": "https://demo.yubico.com"
}
```

In case of success both methods above returns JSON reply in the U2F specification format:

or an error:

```json
{  "errorCode": 1,  "errorMessage": "Error Text"}
```

where:

errorCode - error code

errorMessage - additional error text

eretCode description:

1. Device other error. If the token is missing, errorMessage contains "Please connect a U2F token."
2. Device bad request. The visited URL doesn't match the App ID or not using HTTPS
3. Configuration unsupported
4. Token is not registers - for authentication process or token already registered - for register process, to enable this check, specify "signRequests" in the body of the register request ).
5. Timeout - no answer from token. (if the user didn't press a button within a given timeout)

And the following GET-methods:

https://127.0.0.1:8441/api/v1/fidou2f/abort - Aborts all pending operations

**Fingerprint Plug-in**

To check the WBF Capture Service you may open the following URL: https://127.0.0.1:8442/api/v1/fingerprint/capture. Present your finger on the reader while the URL is loading.

The following fields are included into the output:

- captureStatus - can be 'Ok', 'Timeout', 'Error', 'NoReader'.
- Width, Height - fingerprint image size (in pixels).
- Dpi - dots per inch (used on matching side).
- BitsPerPixel - bits per pixel (usually 8 bits).
- BytesPerLine - bytes per one line in image (include align).
- Image - fingerprint image encoded using base-64 in gray scale.

E.g. 
{"BitsPerPixel":8,"BytesPerLine":256,"Dpi":508,"Height":360,"Image":"<fingerprintdata>"","Width":256, "captureStatus":"Ok"}.

PKI Plug-in

PKI plug-in supports the following options:

- vendorModule=eTPKCS11.dll - PKCS#11 implementation library of a needed vendor.
- hash=SHA1 or SHA224, SHA256 (this is a default value if not presented), SHA384, SHA512, RIPEMD160.
- padding=PKCS#1 (this is a default value if not presented) or PSS, OAEP.
- modulusBits=2048 - key size (this is a default value if not presented). E.g. eToken PRO 32k doesn't support it and you need to set 1024 to use it.
- blockingMode=True. The default value is True. OpenSC supports the ‘waiting for card’ mechanism not completely and it requires to change the option to False. The most of vendors should work fine with the default mode.

PKI plugin uses the simulatar API for card / token detection and two new POST methods pki/enroll, pki/login:

Available methods:

Card service provides the following POST-methods

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getcertificates - GET method to get all certificates from a token

{ "readerid":0, "certificates" : [{ "keypairid":"9beb","certificate":"30820371308202daa00....0b90d7290a1a76b0450264dd5 36d2cb057230f8dbfa8cfda05"}] }

slotid - slot ID

keypairid - id of the key pair in the certificate. Save it and use later for future logon operations.

certificate - certificate value in DER format.

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/generatekeypair- POST method, Request Body:

{ "pin":"your_pin"}

// Replace with your token pin or empty if there is no pin

{ "readerid":your_reader_id, "keypairid":"6f4712e55443ac3", "modulus":"a1709f0849c35f869f5193e9dd980c713c....91daaa9d2604eeaaad73d13b1", "exponent":"010001"}

keypairid - id of the key pair in the certificate. save it and use later for future logon operations.

modulus - modulus

exponent - big exponent

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/signchallenge - POST method, Request Body:

{ "challenge":"3128", "pin":"your_pin", "keypairid":"9beb" }
challenge in hex-string format (even length, since one byte is two hex symbols)

pin - pin to the token

keypairid - id of the keypair from token, you can get it from previous enroll operation

in case of success it returns signature for the given challenge in the hex format

```
{ "readerid":your_reader_id, "hash":"SHA1", "padding":"PKCS#1", "signature":"58ad84f3a9b724403aa5c0d0ad753b1a480ae709a37210d48...493130d7b11f128ea2b1fccc42d123bd715a153974e992b16d022" }
```

hash - used hash method

padding - used padding

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/verifychallenge - POST method, Request Body

```
{ "challenge":"3128", "pin":"your_pin", "keypairid":"9beb", "signature":"58ad84f3a9b72...bdb715a153974e992b16d022" }
```

in case of an error two methods above returns an error:

```
{ "errorCode":"ERROR_ID"}
```

Possible values of ERROR_ID:

- PLUGIN_NOT_INITTED - not initied library, etc. dll was not provided
- METHOD_NOT_FOUND - method not found
- NO_CARD - no token or no card are presented. Use wait methods to get an event.
- JSON_PARSE_FAILED - bad request body
- WRONG_PIN - Wrong PIN
- GET_PRIVATE_KEY_FAILED - error getting a private key from a token
- OPERATION_FAILED - general operation failure

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getmessage?nowait - returns immediately the current status. Possible values [NO_READER, NO_CARD, CARD_ON].
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getmessage?wait - waits till the next event occurs.

**NOTE:** When you plug off the reader with a card on, two messages are displayed: NO_CARD, NO_READER. But the first one will be catch with getmessage?wait.

When you plug in a reader with a card on, occurs READER_ON, CARD_ON. And as a result READER_ON will be returned.

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getreaderon?nowait - returns immediately with READER_ON if it's attached and NO_READER otherwise.
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getreaderon?wait - returns immediately with READER_ON if a reader is attached or waits till it's attached.
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getcardon?nowait - returns immediately with NO_READER if a reader isn't attached, NO_CARD if a card isn't inserted or CARD_ON if a card is inserted.
- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getcardon?wait - returns immediately with NO_READER if a reader isn't attached or wait till the card will be on a reader.
NOTE: It will wait the next tap of a card even if a card is already on a reader.

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/pki/getcardoff?nowait&cardid=<cardid> - returns immediately with NO_READER if a reader isn't attached, NO_CARD if a card isn't inserted or CARD_ON if a card is inserted. Use cardid to wait when a specific card is removed.

- https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getcardoff?wait - returns immediately with NO_READER if a reader isn't attached. If there is no card on a reader return NO_CARD immediately else waits till the card is removed from the reader.


For example, https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/card/getmessage?wait&cancel-cookie=xxx.

And by calling abort with a cancel-cookie, all waiting methods with the same specified cookie are terminated.

Response format:

Response format

{
    result: [NO_READER, READER_ON, NO_CARD, CARD_ON],
    cardid: <card id>,
    readerid: <reader id>
}

cardid is used only with CARD_ON, and NO_CARD result.

Bluetooth Plug-in

To troubleshoot the Bluetooth related issues you can use the following instructions.

The Bluetooth plugin supports the following methods:

1. https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/bluetooth/getdevices

   This GET method returns a JSON array of all discovered bluetooth devices or an error code if Bluetooth is turned off.

   Sample response:

   ```
   {"devices":
   [{"name":"MagicKeyboard","address":"9cd746e1234","type":"peripheral","hash":"9b67e2d07088a1f0bd64bde8c44ab7cddc279463bd6d93735ab778afda79d0bde"},
   {"name":"MagicMouse","address":"1abcd22dafe","type":"peripheral","hash":"dbf75830268ab5516a0d658d28105761b6d6ec062a42317a84b3a82e8e4d643f"},
   {"name":"Lex'siPhone","address":"40cd0150cf58","type":"phone","hash":"ac904cc2e2626ca27eb7f410016e0ae07957da89a5a3aa52f0a5d182b6ba42e"}]}
   ```
Fields:

- name - bluetooth device name
- address - bluetooth address of the device
- type - device type [possible types: computer, phone, lan_access, audio, peripheral, imaging, unclassified]

2. https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/bluetooth/detectdevice
   POST method, used to test the device presence by its address
   The POST body:
   
   ```
   {"address": [RSA encoded address]}
   ```
   RSA encoded address - a bluetooth address encoded with an RSA public key (from certificate) in a hex-string format.
   If the device is in range, the service returns: 
   ```
   {"result": "CONNECTED", "address": "40cd0150cf58"}
   ```
   or if the device is absent or the bluetooth is off on the device: 
   ```
   {"result": "DISCONNECTED"}
   ```
   Other possible result values for this method:
   - FAILED - general failure
   - DECRYPT_FAILED - decoding failure
   - INVALID_ADDRESS - not a valid value for the address
   - hash - SHA256 hash of the address
   If Bluetooth is off, the call returns the error: 
   ```
   { "result": "BLUETOOTH_DISABLED" }
   ```

3. https://127.0.0.1:8440/api/v1/bluetooth/getpublickey
   This GET method returns the public certificate in a PEM format. Encode the bluetooth address with the public key in that certificate.
   ```
   {"publicKey": "[PUBLIC_CERT]"}
   ```
   PUBLIC_CERT - the public certificate in a PEM format.
   Currently the following is always same:
   ```
   "-----BEGIN RSA PUBLIC KEY-----
   MIGHAoGBAKqGJxyB/ZgrTEsfqmMdE4GRwGH+XOioOa0EiQi8+HYcR8Pcg57j1Cc5k
   D1TrGNKpayWUWW7YEsXvfSpc5a5x9qwsEe06Iak5eP/PcGNIUvlLwy2CN9oy5mSM
   "lpd607GNBUzEwW0slpm3FBEvtdFFDxBb7PzE9W4hE/t0LQkGcTAgED
   "-----END RSA PUBLIC KEY-----";
   ```